PROPAGATION

Agastache Honeysticks

Agastache hybrida



Unrooted Cuttings

Form (URC) Rooting Hormone Yes

Trav Size(s) 72, 105

Plants Per Cell 1

Wks. From Stick To 4-5

Transplant

FERTILITY

Pinch? Yes

Days from stick to pinch 18-21

No Fertilize Through Mist?

100-150 ppm N (20-6-22

or 22-5-16 [15-0-15 Fertilizer Rate under low-light

conditions])

1.0-1.25 mS via SME **EC** Range

pH Range 5.8-6.2

TEMPERATURE

Average Soil Temperature 70-72°F (21-22°C)

Average Air Temperature 65-72°F (18-22°C)

IRRIGATION

Level 3: Keep media moderately moist with

Irrigation Frequency mild dry cycles - do not

overmist

LIGHT

Supplemental No

Benefits From Shade? No

POTENTIAL DISEASES

Botrytis

POTENTIAL PESTS

aphids, thrips, whitefly

PGR SUGGESTIONS

None



Ember, Purple, Sandstone



TIPS

- As with all vegetative cuttings, sticking upon arrival is ideal. If this isn't possible, store in a cooler at 45° F (7°C) for no more than 16 hours after delivery.
- Reduce mist as soon as cuttings become turgid (generally 1-2 days after stick). Avoid overmisting and overwatering.

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FINISHING

Agastache Honeysticks

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VERNALIZATION

Vernalization Required? No

Vernalization Duration

Minimum

N/A

Vernalization Temperature N/A

CONTAINER SIZE PLANTS TRANSPLANT TO PER POT FINISH (WEEKS)

7 in./Gal. (15-16 cm) 1-2 8-11

8-10 in. (19-22 cm) 2-4 10-11

FERTILITY

150-200 ppm N (20-6-22 or 22-5-16

Fertilizer Rate [15-0-15 under low-light

conditions])

Moderate: (2.0-3.5 mS via SME) EC Range

pH Range 5.8-6.2

TEMPERATURE

Day Temperature 65-75 (13-18°C)

Night Temperature 60-72 (7-13°C)

IRRIGATION

Level 2: Allow media to dry Irrigation Frequency moderately between thorough

waterings

LIGHT

Photoperiodic Long day: 12+ hours daily requirements

Supplemental? **Optional Daylength Extension**

Benefits From Shade? No

PINCHING

Finishing Pinch? No

Transplant to pinch (days) N/A

POTENTIAL DISEASES

Botrytis

POTENTIAL PESTS

aphids, thrips, white fly

PGR SUGGESTIONS

- 5-8 ppm Sumagic (0.055% Uniconazole)
- 1-2 ppm Bonzi (0.4% Paclobutrazol) drench
- 2500–3750 ppm B-Nine (85% Daminozide), can delay flowering



- Saturated soil media should be avoided at all costs, or Pythium and botrytis can set in.
- Plants best grown outdoor in full sun
- Preferred growing is on final spacing or plants may become leggy.

Utilize drip irrigation

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FEATURES AND BENEFITS

Agastache Honeysticks

Agastache hybrida

KEY INFORMATION

First Year Flowering? Yes

Bloom Time Summer to Autumn

Exposure Full Sun

Hardiness Zone **6-10**

Height **12-14 inches (30-36 cm)**

Width 12 inches (30 cm)

DESCRIPTION

This Agastache series features very large flowers

CONSUMER APPEAL

- The slender tube-like blooms help to attract all sorts of pollinators including butterflies and hummingbirds.
- Agastache works well along sunny borders, cottage gardens, pollinator gardens and in herb/sensory gardens. The aromatic foliage and tendency to attract butterflies make this plant a great choice for alongside patios or other high-traffic areas.
- Deadheading spent flower spikes will help promote flowering.

GARDEN ATTRIBUTES

• Tolerant of many soil conditions ranging from medium to moist though well-drained is preferred. These plants can be relatively drought resistant once established after several years. Poorly drained or heavy clay soils may prevent this perennial from overwintering due to root rot issues.

DÜMMEN ORANGE®

COMPANION PLANTS

Campanula, Buddleia, Leucanthemum, Phlox, Houttuynia, Geranium

COMMON NAME(S)

Giant hyssop



Ember

NATIVITY

China, Vietnam, Korea and Japan

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