PROPAGATION

Delosperma Rock Crystal

Delosperma cooperi



Candy Red, Magenta Pop, Orange, Pink, Purple, Red, White, Yellow



'Candy Red'

TRAY & ROOTING **Unrooted Cuttings (URC)** Form Rooting Hormone Yes Tray Size(s) 72, 105 Plants Per Cell 1 Wks. From Stick To 4-5 Transplant Pinch? Yes Days from stick to pinch 14-21

FERTILITY Fertilize Through Mist? No 50-75 ppm N (20-6-22 or 22-5-16 [15-0-15 under low-light conditions]) EC Range Moderate: (2.0-3.5 mS via SME) pH Range 5.8-6.2

TEMPERATURE Average Soil Temperature 65-72°F (18-22°C) Average Air Temperature 65-72°F (18-22°C)

Irrigation Frequency	Level 2: Allow media to
	dry moderately between
	thorough waterings

LIGITI	
Supplemental	Optional
Benefits From Shade?	No

POTENTIAL DISEASES

root rot, bacterial leaf spot, powdery mildew

POTENTIAL PESTS

IRRIGATION

whitefly, aphids, mites

PGR SUGGESTIONS

- Optional 300-500 ppm Florel (3.9% Ethephon)
- Optional 1500-2500 ppm B-Nine (85% Daminozide)

TIPS

• Keep prop misting as low as possible after roots appear.

WE'RE HERE TO HELP YOU GROW

Zoltan Kovacs - Product Manager Z.Kovacs@DummenOrange.com 614-850-9551

DummenOrange.com



FINISHING

Delosperma Rock Crystal

TRANSPLANT TO

FINISH (WEEKS)

4-6

6-8

150-200 ppm N (20-6-22 or 22-5-16

[15-0-15 under low-light conditions])

Moderate: (2.0-3.5 mS via SME)

Level 2: Allow media to dry moderately between thorough

Long day: 12+ hours daily

N/A

2

1-3

5.8-6.2

waterings

No

Optional

65-75°F (18-24°C)

55-65°F (13-18°C)

Delosperma cooperi



Vernalization Required? **No**

Vernalization Duration

Minimum

Vernalization Temperature N/A

CONTAINER SIZE PLANTS
PER POT

4 in./qt (10-12 cm)

Sin /Cal (15-16 cm)

6 in./Gal. (15-16 cm)

FERTILITY

Fertilizer Rate

EC Range

pH Range

TEMPERATURE

Day Temperature
Night Temperature

IRRIGATION

T T

Irrigation Frequency

LIGHT

Photoperiodic requirements

Supplemental? None

Benefits From Shade?

PINCHING

Finishing Pinch?

Transplant to pinch (days) 14-21

POTENTIAL DISEASES

root rot, bacterial leaf spot, powdery mildew

POTENTIAL PESTS

whitefly, aphids, mites

PGR SUGGESTIONS

- B-Nine (85% Daminozide) 1500-2500ppm
- Sumagic (0.055% Uniconazole) 3-4ppm





Yellow'

TIPS

- Keep moisture level on the low side during finishing, it will promote a heavier flower set.
- Dry moderately between waterings to limit stretch and tone plant.

WE'RE HERE TO HELP YOU GROW

Zoltan Kovacs - Product Manager Z.Kovacs@DummenOrange.com 614-850-9551

DummenOrange.com

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

Delosperma Rock Crystal

Delosperma cooperi



First Year Flowering? Yes

Bloom Time

Summer

Exposure Full Sun

Hardiness Zone **6-9**

Height 4 inches (10 cm)

Width 24 inches (60 cm)

DESCRIPTION

These ice plants are definitely cool! So named for its glistening succulent leaves which resemble ice shards, Delosperma is a perennial succulent that continues to gain popularity as a novel water wise plant that's remarkably hardy even in northern climat

CONSUMER APPEAL

- Delosperma is a fast-spreading groundcover that blooms for most of the growing season all the while attracting bees, butterflies, and other beneficial insects.
- Delosperma are one of the most drought tolerant perennials available to gardeners. They require extremely well-drained soils as they will struggle (and most likely perish) if placed in poorly drained or un-amended clay.

GARDEN ATTRIBUTES

- Ice Plants are the ideal rock garden/desert garden plant though they can also be planted on sloped borders or around dry mailbox sites.
- Delosperma are ideal plants for containers, fill a shallow pot with Delosperma and keep it on a patio; then bring it inside during the winter months as a houseplant!



COMPANION PLANTS

Upright Sedum, Artemisia, Oenothera, Knautia

COMMON NAME(S)

ice plant, trailing ice plant, Cooper's ice plant



'Orange'

NATIVITY

Southern Africa

WE'RE HERE TO HELP YOU GROW

Zoltan Kovacs - Product Manager Z.Kovacs@DummenOrange.com 614-850-9551

DummenOrange.com