PROPAGATION

Euphorbia

Euphorbia characias



TRAY & ROOTING

Unrooted Cuttings Form

(URC)

Rooting Hormone Yes

Trav Size(s) 72, 105

Plants Per Cell 1

Wks. From Stick To

Transplant

6-8

Pinch? Yes

Days from stick to pinch 21-28

FERTILITY

Fertilize Through Mist? No

50-75 ppm N (20-6-22 or

Fertilizer Rate 22-5-16 [15-0-15 under

low-light conditions])

Moderate: (2.0-3.5 mS EC Range

via SME)

pH Range 5.8-6.2

TEMPERATURE

Average Soil Temperature 72-78°F (22-26°C)

Average Air Temperature 72-78°F (22-26°C)

IRRIGATION

Level 2: Allow media to

dry moderately between Irrigation Frequency

thorough waterings

LIGHT

Supplemental **Optional**

Benefits From Shade? No

POTENTIAL DISEASES

Botrytis, downy mildew, powdery mildew

POTENTIAL PESTS

aphids, whitefly, spider mites

PGR SUGGESTIONS

None

CULTIVAR LIST

Glacier Blue, Silver Swan, Tasmanian Tiger



'Glacier Blue'

TIPS

- As with all vegetative cuttings, sticking upon arrival is ideal. If this isn't possible, store in a cooler at 45° F (7°C) for no more than 16 hours after delivery.
- Mist should be reduced as soon as cuttings become turgid.

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FINISHING

Euphorbia

Euphorbia characias





VERNALIZATION		
Vernalization Required?	No	
Vernalization Duration Minimum	N/A	
Vernalization Temperature	N/A	
CONTAINER SIZE	PLANTS PER POT	TRANSPLANT TO FINISH (WEEKS)
6 in./Gal. (15-16 cm)	1	8-10
8-10 in. (19-22 cm)	2-3	10-12
FERTILITY		
Fertilizer Rate	50-100 ppm N (20-6-22 or 22-5-16 [15-0-15 under low-light conditions])	
EC Range	Moderate: (2.0-3.5 mS via SME)	
pH Range	5.8-6.1	
TEMPERATURE		
Day Temperature	65-75°F (18-24°C)	
Night Temperature	55-65°F (13-18°C)	
IRRIGATION		
Irrigation Frequency	Level 2: Allow media to dry moderately between thorough	



'Silver Swan'

waterings

LIGHT

Photoperiodic Long day: 12+ hours daily requirements

Supplemental? None

Benefits From Shade? No

PINCHING

Finishing Pinch? No Transplant to pinch (days) N/A

POTENTIAL DISEASES

Botrytis, downy mildew, powdery mildew

POTENTIAL PESTS

aphids, whitefly, spider mites

PGR SUGGESTIONS

- 2500 ppm B-Nine (85% Daminozide) as needed'
- 3-5 ppm Sumagic (0.055% Uniconazole) as needed

TIPS

- A pronounced wet-dry cycle is preferred.
- Euphorbia grows best with high light and high temperatures combined with relatively dry soil conditions.

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FEATURES AND BENEFITS

Euphorbia

Euphorbia characias

KEY INFORMATION

First Year Flowering? No

Bloom Time Spring

Exposure Full Sun

Hardiness Zone 6-9

Height **20-28 inches (51-71 cm)**

Width **24-36 inches (60cm-90 cm)**

DESCRIPTION

A fantastic desert plant, Euphorbia requires very little care. New breeding offers outstanding foliage texture and flower options.

CONSUMER APPEAL

• Due to its latex-heavy sap, Euphorbia are naturally resistant to most herbivores including rabbits, deer, and many insects.

GARDEN ATTRIBUTES

- The ultra-showy "flowers" of this plant are actually bracts which are modified leaves that serve the same function as flower petals but are much longer-lived and far more durable.
- Good in borders and rock gardens or sunny locations where other plants have a difficult time growing.
- Tolerant of air pollution and most soil types though it prefers well-drained soils.
- Euphorbia is an extremely tough plant perfect for beginner gardeners. It will re-seed freely but a generous layer of mulch will make management much easier.

NATIVITY

Found in Europe, Northern Africa, and southwestern Asia.



COMPANION PLANTS

Nepeta, Penstemon, Sedum, Eupatorium (Ageratina), Salvia, Solidago

COMMON NAME(S)

spurge, wood spurge



'Tasmanian Tiger'

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