PERENNIAL PROPAGATION *Salvia Salute Series*

Salvia nemorosa

TRAY & ROOTING

Form	Unrooted Cuttings (URC)
Rooting Hormone	Yes
Tray Size(s)	72, 105
Plants Per Cell	1
Wks. From Stick To Transplant	6-8
Pinch?	Yes
Days from stick to pinch	21-28

FERTILITY

Fertilize Through Mist?	No
Fertilizer Rate	50-75 ppm N (20-6-22 or 22-5-16 [15-0-15 under low-light conditions])
EC Range	Moderate: (2.0-3.5 mS via SME)
pH Range	5.8-6.2
TEMPERATURE	
Average Soil Temperature	65-72°F (18-22°C)
Average Air Temperature	65-72°F (18-22°C)
IRRIGATION	
Irrigation Frequency	Level 3: Keep media moderately moist with mild dry cycles
	moderately moist with
Irrigation Frequency	moderately moist with
Irrigation Frequency LIGHT	moderately moist with mild dry cycles
Irrigation Frequency LIGHT Supplemental	moderately moist with mild dry cycles Optional
Irrigation Frequency LIGHT Supplemental Benefits From Shade?	moderately moist with mild dry cycles Optional No
Irrigation Frequency LIGHT Supplemental Benefits From Shade? POTENTIAL DISEASES	moderately moist with mild dry cycles Optional No

PGR SUGGESTIONS

- Optional 300-500 ppm Florel (3.9% Ethephon)
- Optional 2-3 pppm Sumagic (0.055% Uniconazole)

CULTIVAR LIST

Blue Ipd, Ice Blue, Light Pink, Neon Pink, White



'Blue Imp'

TIPS

• Reduce mist as soon as possible when cutting become turgid.

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PERENNIAL FINISHING **Salvia Salute Series**

Salvia nemorosa

VERNALIZATION		
Vernalization Required?	No	
Vernalization Duration Minimum	N/A	
Vernalization Temperature	N/A	
CONTAINER SIZE	PLANTS PER POT	TRANSPLANT TO FINISH (WEEKS)
4 in./qt (10-12 cm)	1	6-8
6 in./Gal. (15-16 cm)	1-2	8-10
10 in. (22 cm)	3	8-10
FERTILITY		
Fertilizer Rate	150-200 ppm N (20-6-22 or 22-5-16 [15-0-15 under low-light conditions])	
EC Range	Moderate	: (2.0-3.5 mS via SME)
pH Range	5.8-6.2	
TEMPERATURE		
Day Temperature	65-75°F (1	8-24°C)
Night Temperature	55-65°F (1	3-18°C)
IRRIGATION		
Irrigation Frequency	Level 3: Keep media moderately moist with mild dry cycles	
LIGHT		
Photoperiodic requirements	Daylength Neutral	
Supplemental?	None	
Benefits From Shade?	No	
PINCHING		
Finishing Pinch?	Yes	
Transplant to pinch (days)	14-21	
POTENTIAL DISEASES		
Botrytis, root and stem rot, k	oacterial leaf s	spot
POTENTIAL PESTS		
whitefly, aphids,		

PGR SUGGESTIONS

- 6-8 ppm Sumagic (0.055% Uniconazole)'
- 2500-3750 ppm B-Nine (85% Daminozide) as needed
- 2-3 ppm Bonzi (0.4% Paclobutrazol) drench as needed





'White'

TIPS

- Avoid overwatering. Proper spacing, air circulation, and medium-high EC helps promote branching and tones the plant.
- Long days will accelerate flowering.
- Cool temperatures can be used to maintain a compact habit.

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FEATURES AND BENEFITS **Salvia Salute Series**

Salvia nemorosa

KEY INFORMATION

First Year Flowering?	Yes
Bloom Time	Late Spring to Late Summer
Exposure	Full Sun
Hardiness Zone	3-9
Height	14-16 inches (36-41 cm)
Width	18-24 inches (46-60 cm)
DESCRIPTION	

New Salvia breeding offers a great first year flowering salvia series with strong colors and a matching habit.

CONSUMER APPEAL

- Salvia is one of the easiest perennials to grow, especially for gardeners whose maintenance strategy is "benign neglect".
- With its considerable flower power and strikingly full racemes/panicles, Salvia has no issues attracting pollinators like bees and butterflies. Its unmistakable foliage scent is a natural deterrent to rabbits and deer.

GARDEN ATTRIBUTES

- Can make a good cut flower and/or dried flower.
- Salvia is the perfect mainstay backbone for a sunny perennial border. Great for cottage gardens, pollinator gardens, in mass plantings, or in containers.
- The Salvia genus prefers well drained soils that go through periodic moist-dry cycles. Poorly drained soils or those that are consistently saturated should be avoided. Soil amendments such as compost or other organic matter can help Salvia thrive in clay soils.
- After the flower stalks have finished their blooming cycle, remove the entire stalk to encourage reblooming.

NATIVITY

Europe and Western Asia



COMPANION PLANTS

Coreopsis, Gaillardia, Achillea, Gaura, Solidago, Euphorbia

COMMON NAME(S)

woodland sage, Balkan clary, salvia



'Ice Blue'

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